Входная контрольная работа

**РАЗДЕЛ** **1.** АУДИРОВАНИЕ

Задание «Going Places»

Время выполнения задания — 10 минут

Вы услышите четыре коротких диалога, обозначенных А, *В,* С и *D.* Определите, где происходит каждый из этих диалогов. Используйте каждое место действия из списка *1*—5 *только один раз.* В задании есть *одно лишнее место действия.* Вы услышите запись дважды. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу.

1. In a supermarket.
2. At a birthday party.
3. At home.
4. In a restaurant.
5. In a cooking class.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Диалог | А | В | С | D |
| Место действия |  |  |  |  |

**РАЗДЕЛ** 2. ЧТЕНИЕ

Задание «Chocolate»

Время выполнения задания —15 минут

Прочитайте тексты и установите соответствие между заголовками 1—8 и текстами А—G. Запишите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую букву *только один раз.* В задании есть один лишний заголовок.

1. A simple recipe 5. Optimistic effect
2. Expanding geography 6. Chocolate production
3. An old method 7. Curious tastes
4. Paying with chocolate 8. The story of the name
5. One of the most pleasant things about eating chocolate is the feeling» that many people get. Even the smell of chocolate can the body and mind. Doctors advise to have a small piece if v depressed or emotionally tired. And why so? There are ingredients in chocolate that tell your brain to feel good. Plus, it just good to most people.
6. It’s quite easy to make a good mug of hot chocolate. Take sugar and cocoa and mix them in a big cup. Warm the milk it becomes hot. After that add the milk to the cocoa and sugar, well again. You can add some vanilla, honey or even chocolate, is a perfect start for a day. Enjoy the drink.
7. The Aztecs were people who lived between the 14th and centuries. In their society only noble men and rich aristocrats have cocoa. In fact, the Aztecs even used the cacao beans instead of money. The beans were their «coins». For example, one tomato cost one cacao bean, and a small rabbit was 30 cacao
8. Chocolate (cocoa beans) was first brought to Europe by Spanish explorers. Very soon it found its way to other countries. For example, it was a big hit in France. The French king Louis XIV even had a special person who had the position of «Royal Chocolate Maker». In 1657, the first chocolate house opened in London. You could go there to have a drink, play some cards, talk politics, that sort of thing.
9. For many years there existed three basic variants of chocolate: milk, white and dark, or bitter. Well not any more. Now choice is wider. These days you can try quite strange combinations of chocolate and meat, for example. Then there is chocolate mixed with pepper, salt and chili. There are also chocolate potato chips even chocolate pizza with nuts and caramel.
10. Chocolate played an important part in the everyday life of the Maya people, who started using it hundreds of years ago. They mixed the cocoa beans with spices, water and chili peppers. The drink was hot and bitter. Or the beans were mixed with corn to cook a porridge

like dish. These dishes didn’t have any sugar and were very healthy. The Maya did not make chocolate bars as we know them today. For them chocolate was not a dessert.

1. The word «chocolate» comes from the Aztec word, «cacahuatl» or «xocolatl», which means «bitter water». The Aztecs got it from cocoa beans. The original word was «cacao», but later it was spelt wrong and became «cocoa». The scientific name for Cocoa tree is «Theobroma Cacao», which is a Greek term meaning, «foods for the gods».

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Тексты | A | В | С | D | E | F | G |
| Заголовки |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

 Задание «Pizza»

Время выполнения задания — 20 минут

Прочитайте текст. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений А—Н соответствуют содержанию текста (1 — True), какие не соответствуют (2 — False) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (3 — Not stated).

There are not many nations that can say that their national dish has become an international phenomenon. Italy has two such dishes, pasta and of course pizza. Italians say there are two categories of pizza: Italian pizza and the rest of the world.

Almost the whole world believes that pizza is an Italian creation. You may be surprised but we cannot say for sure who invented the very first pizza pie. Food historians agree that dishes like pizza were eater, by peoples in the Mediterranean including the Greeks and Egyptians.

One theory says that Greeks baked large, round, flat breads which they ate with simple toppings like oil, garlic, herbs, and spices. The Romans enjoyed something similar and called it «picea». In the city of Naples the word turned into «pizza» and that was the beginning of modern pizza history. Naples became the home town of the pizza we know now.

For the citizens of Naples pizza was a dish of the poor people. It was easy to make, it didn’t need any expensive ingredients and was rather tasty and nutritious. Those early pizzas were the main meal of the of the population, and were widely sold in the streets and markets.

It may be hard to believe but until the 17th century pizzas с have any tomatoes or tomato-based sauces on them. When tomatoes brought to Europe, they were considered to be poisonous and were only for decoration. However the always hungry poor people of N started using the fruit in many of their foods, including pizzas. It the most important day in Italian cuisine!

Yet, it took some time for the rest of society to accept this food. When Italian aristocrats tried pizza, they couldn’t have enough of it. Pizza popularity grew quickly and there appeared small shops where people could order a pizza with many different toppings.

In about 1889, Queen Margherita took a tour of her Italian Kingdom. During her travels she saw many people eating this large, flat bread. Queen was curious and ordered to bring her one of these pizza. She loved it and asked one of the chefs, Rafaelle Esposito, to make especially for her.

Rafaelle decided to make a very special pizza with the colours of Italian flag. He used tomatoes for red, mozarella cheese for white fresh basil for green. The pizza was a hit with the Queen and later, the rest of the world.

Today pizza travels round the world. You can try very varieties of this simple Italian food. People are eating pizza at home, at stadiums, and at local restaurants. This Italian pie can be in a variety of sizes, and with an endless number of toppings including pineapple, bacon, mushrooms, cheese, sausages. There are people who like strange toppings like eggs, fish, and berries on their pies. Pizza is a fun food for all ages because you can eat it with your hands and it enjoyed hot or cold at any time of the day.

1. The origin of pizza is unclear and uncertain.

1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

1. Greece was the motherland of modern pizza.

1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

1. Pizza was a popular dish among poor people.
2. True 2) False 3) Not stated
3. Tomatoes were very expensive in Europe.

1) True

2) False

1. Not stated
2. Noble Italians enjoyed pizza very much

1)True 2) False 3) Not stated

 The Queen made the first "margherita pizza"

1)True 2) False 3) Not stated

G. Rafaelle's pizza was not popular with the Queen

1)True 2) False 3) Not stated

H. Pizza is the most famous fast food

1)True 2) False 3) Not stated

1) MANY

2)BIG

3) HEALTHY

4) SELL

5) CELEBRATE

6)SUGGEST

7) BE

8)IMPORTANT

9)PERSON

**РАЗДЕЛ 3. ЛЕКСИКА И ГРАММАТИКА** **Задание «Hot Dogs»**

Americans love hot dogs. In fact, they love them so much they eat 1)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than 16 billion hot dogs every year. But the real number is probably much 2)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

It is difficult to calculate the hot dogs Americans may eat at sporting events, local picnics and carnivals. And they cannot stop despite

the fact that it’s not the 3) dish to choose.

Hot dogs are especially popular with baseball fans.

They 4) from special machines which keep them warm at the perfect temperature. A special holiday, Hot Dog Day, 5)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in the

spring in the village of Alfred, New York. It has been so since 1972, when college students first 6)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it.

Today there 7) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ usually a parade, hot dog

eating contests, a carnival and live music.

However, Americans didn't stop just on one day of hot dog celebrations. July is the national Hot Dog Month!

The 8)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ activity on this day is...

of course eating hot dogs. During the month some9)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 decide to eat at least one hot dog

every day in a different place.

**Задание «Jamie Oliver» Время выполнения задания —10 минут**

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначении номерами 1—6, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует

отдельному слову.

1) FAME

2) EXCITE

3) COOK

4)PROFESSIONAL

5)TEACH

6) HEALTHY

Jamie Oliver is a phenomenon in the world of food. He is one of the world’s

 best-loved television personalities and one of Britain’s

most 1) chefs. However apart from

cooking Jamie always works on a number of\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_projects.

«Project Fifteen» is aimed to help young unemployed people to get some useful experience

in 3) . The participants learn to cook and this may help them start their careers. In another project Jamie is a 5)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for those people who want to change their eating habits. In the end most of them give up

6) diets and start cooking in a new way.